

Endogenous Activators of Inflammation in Insects and Mammals

Bruce Beutler and Jules A. Hoffmann

2007 Balzan Prize for Innate Immunity

Balzan GPC Adviser: Nicole Le Douarin

Main Researchers: Carrie Arnold, Michael Berger, Amanda Blasius, Philippe Krebs, Oren Milstein, Lei Sun, Sungyong Won (Beutler laboratory); Hidehiro Fukuyama, Anne Kaukinen (Hoffmann laboratory)

Affiliated Institutions: Centre International de Recherche aux Frontières de la Chimie, Strasbourg; The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla CA

Period: 2008-2012

Bruce Beutler is Professor and Chairman of the Department of Genetics at Scripps Research Institute in La Jolla, California. Jules A. Hoffmann is Distinguished Class Research Director (Emeritus) at the Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique of the Institute of Molecular and Cellular Biology in Strasbourg. The second half of the Balzan Prize to Bruce Beutler and Jules Hoffmann encouraged joint efforts regarding the establishment of a model of inflammation in insects and mammals. The parallel study on inflammation in the absence of germs in the fruit fly (*Drosophila*) and in mice could lead to the future discovery of the causes by which, in humans, antibodies of endogenous origin are also activated in the absence of the pathogenic germs they are supposed to fight, thus producing autoimmune diseases. The two Prizewinners hired young researchers and supervised research work in their respective laboratories, which will lead to a comparative analysis of the IMD (fly) and TNF α (mouse) proinflammatory, signalling pathways in infection and development.

In La Jolla, Dr. Michael Berger screened peptidomimetic libraries for activators of TLR signalling. These studies, designed to identify molecules that could cause unconventional activation of TLR signalling, have been performed as a collaboration with the laboratory of Professor Dale Boger at the Scripps Research Institute. Dr. Oren Milstein searched for immune activating functions of peptides that do not exist in the

mouse proteome. Dr. Philippe Krebs has studied mutations that cause inflammatory disease and their attenuation by mutations that disrupt TLR signalling. Particularly significant has been his demonstration that signalling via TLRs drives the lethal inflammatory disorder observed in mice with deficiency of the inositol polyphosphate 5 phosphatase, SHIP-1. Drs. Sungyong Won and Lei Sun worked jointly to develop a technique for cloning mice from fibroblasts, with the goal of screening these cells en masse for ex vivo phenotypes (including spontaneous inflammatory phenotypes) before regenerating mice from them and positionally cloning the causative mutations. Dr. Carrie Arnold initiated a screen for defects in the adaptive immune response, and has been very successful with it, identifying eleven mutations to date. Dr. Amanda Blasius identified a key molecule for the responses of plasmacytoid dendritic cells to nucleic acids.

In Strasbourg, Dr. Hidehiro Fukuyama pursued a biochemical strategy to identify proteins that interact with components of the stands for immune-deficiency pathway (IMD, homologous to mammalian TNF) in *Drosophila* to limit inflammation caused by endogenous stimuli. Dr. Anne Kaukinen made a functional analysis of some of the proteins isolated by Dr. Fukuyama and namely addressed their potential roles in activating antimicrobial peptide gene expression following stimulation by a bacterial pathogen. Exciting new data point to a significant role of the IMD signalling pathway in the defence of flies against several viral pathogens. The Balzan funds for Professor Hoffmann's group concentrated on developing this new line of research. Professor Hoffmann gave a lecture *Gene Expression and Signalling in the Immune System* at the sixth Cold Spring Harbor meeting in April 2012.

Publications

- Fukuyama H, Ndiaye S, Hoffmann J, Rossier J, Liuu S, Vinh J, Verdier Y. 2012. On-bead tryptic proteolysis: An attractive procedure for LC-MS/MS analysis of the *Drosophila caspase* protein complex during immune response against bacteria. *Journal of Proteomics*. DOI:10.1016/j.jprot.2012.03.003.
- Liu x, Sano T, Guan Y, Nagata S, Hoffmann JA, Fukuyama H. 2012. *Drosophila* EYA Regulates the Immune Response against DNA through an Evolutionarily Conserved Threonine Phosphatase Motif. *Journal PLoS One*. PLoS ONE 7(8): e42725. DOI:10.1371/journal.pone.0042725 (15.08.2012).